



## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MATHEMATICS 0580/41

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2012

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$  use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

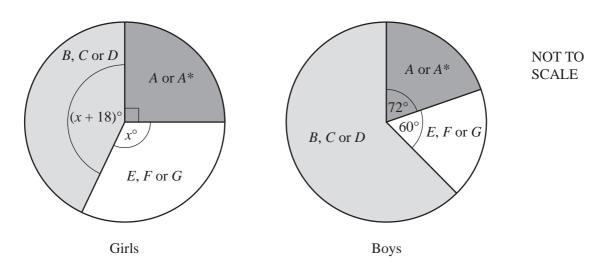
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.



2

1



The pie charts show information on the grades achieved in mathematics by the girls and boys at a school.

- (a) For the Girls' pie chart, calculate
  - (i) x,

$$Answer(a)(i) x =$$
 [2]

(ii) the angle for grades B, C or D.

**(b)** Calculate the percentage of the **Boys** who achieved grades E, F or G.

- (c) There were 140 girls and 180 boys.
  - (i) Calculate the percentage of students (girls and boys) who achieved grades A or  $A^*$ .

$$Answer(c)(i) \qquad \qquad \% [3]$$

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	How many more boy	s than girls achie	eved grades <i>B</i> , (	C or D?		E
			Answ	<i>er(c)</i> (ii)	[2	2]
	ne table shows informateir mathematics examin		imes, t minutes,	taken by 80 of	the girls to complete	te
Т	ime taken (t minutes)	$40 < t \le 60$	$60 < t \le 80$	$80 < t \le 120$	$120 < t \le 150$	
F	requency	5	14	29	32	
			Answ	ver(d)(i)	min [4	
••	On a histogram, the h	neight of the colu	ımn for the inte	1.60		4]
<u>(11)</u>	_		#1111 101 <b>V</b> 11 <b>0</b> 1110 <b>0</b>	rval $60 < t \le 80$	is 2.8 cm.	4]
(ii)	Calculate the heights  Do not draw the his			rval 60 < t ≤ 80	is 2.8 cm.	4]
(ii)	Do not draw the his	togram.	ee columns.	reval $60 < t \le 80$		4]
(ii)	Do not draw the his	togram.  er(d)(ii) 40 < 80 < t	t $\leq$ 60 column l $\leq$ 120 column l	neight =	cm	

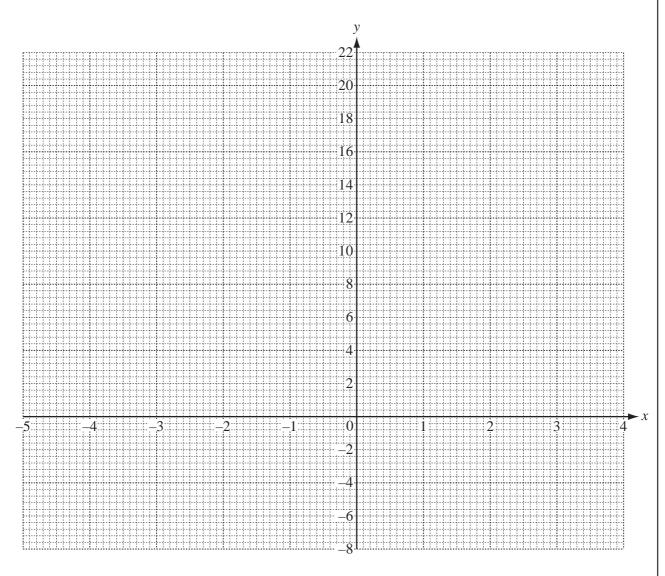
2 (a) (i) Complete the table of values for  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x$ .

х	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y	-2.5	12	16.5		7.5	0		-6	1.5	

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[3]

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x$  for  $-5 \le x \le 4$ .



[4]

**(b)** Use your graph to solve the equation  $\frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x = 2$ .

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(c)	By drawing a suitable tangent,	calculate an estimate of the	gradient of the graph where $x = -4$ .
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$$Answer(c) \qquad [3]$$

(d) (i) On the grid draw the line 
$$y = 10 - 5x$$
 for  $-2 \le x \le 3$ . [3]

(ii) Use your graphs to solve the equation 
$$\frac{1}{2}x^3 + x^2 - 7x = 10 - 5x$$
.

$$Answer(d)(ii) x =$$
 [1]

3 90 students are asked which school clubs they attend.

 $D = \{\text{students who attend drama club}\}\$ 

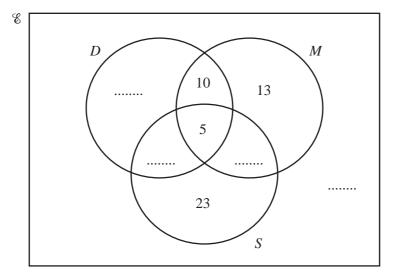
 $M = \{$ students who attend music club $\}$ 

 $S = \{ \text{ students who attend sports club} \}$ 

39 students attend music club.

26 students attend exactly two clubs.

35 students attend drama club.



- (a) Write the four missing values in the Venn diagram. [4]
- **(b)** How many students attend
  - (i) all three clubs,

*Answer(b)*(i) [1]

(ii) one club only?

Answer(b)(ii) [1]

(c) Find

(i)  $n(D \cap M)$ ,

 $Answer(c)(i) \qquad [1]$ 

(ii)  $n((D \cap M) \cap S')$ .

*Answer(c)*(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

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(d)	One	of the 90 students is chosen at random.				For Examiner's
	Fine	I the probability that the student				Use
	(i)	only attends music club,				
	(ii)	And attends <b>both</b> music and drama clubs.	swer(d)(i)		[1]	
		An	swer(d)(ii)		[1]	
(e)	Two	o of the 90 students are chosen at random without re	eplacement.			
	Fine	I the probability that				
	(i)	they <b>both</b> attend all three clubs,				
	(ii)	An one of them attends sports club only and the other		ic club only.	[2]	
		An	swer(e)(ii)		[3]	

4	(a)	Solve the	equations.
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(i) 
$$4x - 7 = 8 - 2x$$

$$Answer(a)(i) x =$$
 [2]

(ii) 
$$\frac{x-7}{3} = 2$$

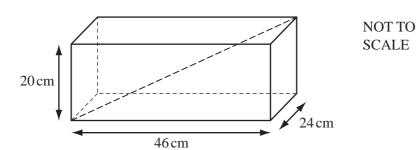
$$Answer(a)(ii) x =$$
 [2]

- **(b)** Simplify the expressions.
  - (i)  $(3xy^4)^3$

(ii) 
$$(16a^6b^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{x^2 - 7x - 8}{x^2 - 64}$$

5 (a)



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**PMT** 

Jose has a fish tank in the shape of a cuboid measuring 46 cm by 24 cm by 20 cm.

Calculate the length of the diagonal shown in the diagram.

Answer(a) \_\_\_\_\_ cm [3]

**(b)** Maria has a fish tank with a volume of 20 000 cm<sup>3</sup>.

Write the volume of Maria's fish tank as a percentage of the volume of Jose's fish tank.

*Answer(b)* % [3]

(c) Lorenzo's fish tank is mathematically similar to Jose's and double the volume.

Calculate the dimensions of Lorenzo's fish tank.

Answer(c) cm by cm by cm [3]

(d) A sphere has a volume of 20 000 cm<sup>3</sup>. Calculate its radius.

[The volume, V, of a sphere with radius r is  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ .]

Answer(d) \_\_\_\_\_ cm [3]

6 (a) 
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$   $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ 21 \end{pmatrix}$ 

(i) Find  $2\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ .

 $Answer(a)(i) \qquad \qquad \boxed{ \qquad }$ 

(ii) Find  $|\mathbf{b}|$ .

Answer(a)(ii) [2]

(iii)  $m\mathbf{a} + n\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$ 

Find the values of *m* and *n*. Show all your working.

$$Answer(a)(iii) m =$$

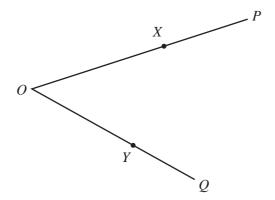
$$n =$$
 [6]

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**PMT** 

**(b)** 



NOT TO SCALE

In the diagram, OX:XP = 3:2 and OY:YQ = 3:2.  $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \mathbf{q}$ .

(i) Write  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  in terms of **p** and **q**.

$$Answer(b)(i) \overrightarrow{PQ} =$$
 [1]

(ii) Write  $\overrightarrow{XY}$  in terms of **p** and **q**.

$$Answer(b)(ii) \overrightarrow{XY} =$$
 [1]

(iii) Complete the following sentences.

The lines XY and PQ are

The triangles OXY and OPQ are

The ratio of the area of triangle *OXY* to the area of triangle *OPQ* is ...... : ...... [3]

7

W A X NOT TO SCALE

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**PMT** 

The vertices A, B, C, D and E of a regular pentagon lie on the circumference of a circle, centre O, radius 7 cm.

They also lie on the sides of a rectangle WXYZ.

D

- (a) Show that
  - (i) angle  $DOC = 72^{\circ}$ ,

Z

Answer(a)(i)

[1]

(ii) angle  $DCB = 108^{\circ}$ ,

Answer(a)(ii)

[2]

(iii) angle  $CBY = 18^{\circ}$ .

Answer(a)(iii)

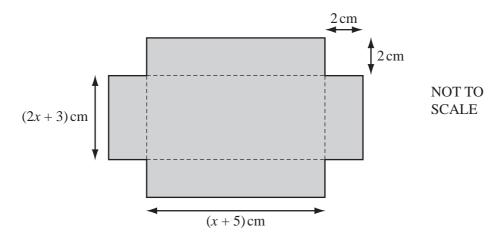
[1]

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<b>(b)</b> Show that the length <i>CD</i> of one side of the pentagon is 8.23 cm correct to the figures.	ree significant For Examiner Use
Answer(b)	
	[2]
(c) Calculate	[3]
(i) the area of the triangle <i>DOC</i> ,	
Answer(c)(i)	cm <sup>2</sup> [2]
(ii) the area of the pentagon ABCDE,	
(iii) the area of the sector $ODC$ ,	cm <sup>2</sup> [1]
Answer(c)(iii)	cm <sup>2</sup> [2]
(iv) the length $XY$ .	
Answer(c)(iv) $\dots$	cm [2]
(d) Calculate the ratio	
area of the pentagon <i>ABCDE</i> : area of the rectangle <i>WXYZ</i> .	
Give your answer in the form 1 : <i>n</i> .	
Answer(d) 1:	[5]
Answer (u) 1.	[2]

**8** A rectangular piece of card has a square of side 2 cm removed from each corner.

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(a) Write expressions, in terms of x, for the dimensions of the rectangular card before the squares are removed from the corners.

(b) The diagram shows a net for an open box. Show that the volume,  $V \text{cm}^3$ , of the open box is given by the formula  $V = 4x^2 + 26x + 30$ .

Answer(b)

[3]

(c)	(i)	Calculate the values of $x$ when $V = 75$ . Show all your working and give your answers correct to two decimal places.
	(ii)	Answer(c)(i) x =
		Answer(c)(ii) cm [1]

Question 9 is printed on the next page.

9 Distances from the Sun can be measured in astronomical units, AU. Earth is a distance of 1 AU from the Sun. One AU is approximately  $1.496 \times 10^8$  km.

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The table shows distances from the Sun.

Name	Distance from the Sun in AU	Distance from the Sun in kilometres
Earth	1	1.496 × 10 <sup>8</sup>
Mercury	0.387	
Jupiter		$7.79 \times 10^{8}$
Pluto		5.91 × 10 <sup>9</sup>

(a)	Con	mplete the table.	[3]
<b>(b)</b>	Lig	ht travels at approximately 300 000 kilometres per second.	
	(i)	How long does it take light to travel from the Sun to Earth? Give your answer in seconds.	
		Answer(b)(i)	s [2]
	(ii)	How long does it take light to travel from the Sun to Pluto? Give your answer in minutes.	
		Answer(b)(ii) m	in [2]
(c)	One	e light year is the distance that light travels in one year (365 days).	
		w far is one light year in kilometres? re your answer in standard form.	
		Answer(c) kı	n [3]
(d)	Hov	w many astronomical units (AU) are equal to one light year?	

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Answer(d)

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